Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN FENNO, N°. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1615.] PHILADELPHIA: SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 11, 1797. [VOLUME XII.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Stated Sales

For DRY GOODS.

Monday { Forenoon—Edward Fox, No. 56, south Front-ſtreet, / Afternoon—Footman & Co. No. 65 South Front-ſtreet.

Tueſday { Forenoon—John Connelly, Old City Auction, No. 73 ſouth Front-ſtreet. / Afternoon—William Shannon, No. 183 High-ſtreet.

Wedneſday { Afternoon—Peter Benſon, No. 74 ſouth Third-ſtreet.

Thurſday { Forenoon—Edward Fox. / Afternoon—John Connelly.

Friday { Forenoon—William Shannon. / Afternoon—John Connelly.

Saturday Afternoon—Peter Benſon.

UNITED STATES, *Pennſylvania Diſtrict*, } ſſ.

IN purſuance of a writ to me directed from the honorable RICHARD PETERS, Eſq. Judge of the Diſtrict Court of the United States in and for the Pennſylvania Diſtrict, will be expoſed to *PUBLIC SALE*, at the Cuſtom-houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on Friday, the 17th inſt. at 12 o'clock at noon,

2 hampers of Earthen Ware

1 box of Indigo
1 box of Merchandize
1 half barrel do.
10 bags of Coffee
1 barrel of Salt Petre
2 barrels, 1 keg, 1 trunk } of Linens
1 barrel of Sugar
1 bag of Pepper, and
Part of 3 bags of Sugar

The ſame having been libelled againſt, proſecuted and condemned as forfeited, in the ſaid Court.

WILLIAM NICHOLS, *Marſhal.*

Marſhal's Office, 2d November, 1797. } dtS

UNITED STATES, *Pennſylvania Diſtrict*, } ſſ.

IN purſuance of a writ to me directed from the honorable RICHARD PETERS, Eſq. Judge of the Diſtrict Court of the United States in and for the Pennſylvania Diſtrict, will be expoſed to *PUBLIC SALE*, at the Cuſtom-houſe in the city of Philadelphia, on Friday, the 17th inſt. at 12 o'clock, at noon,

354 Silver Watches

30 gold Watches
500 Watch Keys

The ſame having been libelled againſt, proſecuted and condemned as forfeited, in the ſaid Court.

WILLIAM NICHOLS, *Marſhal.*

Marſhal's Office, 2d November, 1797. } dtS

To be Sold, by Public Vendue,

On Monday, the 13th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling plantation of ALEXANDER PORTER, Eſq. deceaſed, in the Hundred and County of New-Caſtle,

All the Stock of the ſaid Farm,

Conſiſting of horſes fit for draught or ſaddle, colts, fat cattle, milch cows, calves, ſeveral pairs of large and valuable oxen. Sheep and hogs (all the horned-cattle and ſheep, being of a very large and fine breed) and alſo carts, harrows, ploughs, and other farming utenſils, together with a variety of houſehold furniture.

The conditions of Sale will be made known, at the time and place aforeſaid.

Mary Porter, Admrx.

New Caſtle Hundred, State of Delaware, Oct. 20, 1797. }

☞ All perſons indebted to the eſtate of the ſaid Alexander Porter, are requeſted to make payment, and thoſe who have demands againſt the ſame, to produce them duly authenticated, for ſettlement.

Oct. 30. dtS

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

(If not before diſpoſed of at private ſale)

ON Friday, the firſt of December next, at ſix o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee Houſe, in Philadelphia, Forty Thouſand Nine Hundred and Thirty Nine acres of LAND, now or late in the County of Waſhington, and Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, and on the waters of Freſh and Wheeling Creeks and Ten Mile Run.—Theſe Lands are fertile and well timbered, and were patenteed early in 1787, except 3700 acres or thereabouts, which were patented in 1792. One fourth of the purchaſe money to be paid at the time of ſale, for the reſidue a credit of one, two and three months, will be given, on intereſt and good ſecurity.

October 6. 3awtS

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

(If not before diſpoſed of at private ſale)

ON Friday, the firſt day of December, at ſix o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee Houſe, in Philadelphia, Twenty Six Thouſand Seven Hundred and Eighty acres of LAND, in the State of New-York, between the northern bounds of Pennſylvania and the Suſquehanna, now, or late, in the townſhips of Hamden and Warren, and county of Montgomery. One fourth of the purchaſe money is to be paid at the time of ſale; for the reſidue a credit of one, two, and three months will be given, on intereſt and good ſecurity.

October 6. 3awtS

Boſton Glaſs Manufactory.

THE citizens of the United States are hereby informed, that the manufacture of Window Glaſs is now commenced at the Glaſs Houſe in Boſton.

It is needleſs to ſay any thing of the excellent quality of the Boſton Glaſs, as it is ſo well known throughout the United States to be in every reſpect greatly ſuperior to any ever imported from Europe.

It will be cut to any ſize commonly uſed; and may be conſtantly had by applying to CHARLES F. KUPFER, at the Glaſs Houſe.

Orders from the diſtant States to be addreſſed to Mr. SAMUEL GORE, Court-ſtreet, Boſton.

Boſton, Sept 30, 1797. O 4—2aw6w

Meſſrs. Timothy and Maſon, Charleſton; Meſſrs. Hodge and Boylan, Halifax, N. C. Meſſrs. Willett and O'Connor, Norfolk; Mr. Ellis Price, Alexandria; Meſſrs. Yundt and Brown, Baltimore; Mr. Hopkins, New-York; and Meſſrs. Hudſon & Goodwin, Hartford; Mr. Seymour, Savannah; are requeſted to inſert the above once a week 6 weeks. The accounts to be forwarded to the Editor.

TENERIFFE WINE.

LANDING at Walnut-ſtreet wharf, TENERIFFE WINE, of excellent quality, in pipes and half pipes, for ſale by *JAMES YARD.*

Oct. 10. 608t

For Sale or Charter,

The Snow

GOOD HOPE,

Will carry about 1200 barrels, and is ready to take in a cargo. For terms apply to

Pragers & Co.

No. 151, South Second-ſtreet.

Who have for ſale—prime St. Croix Sugar and Rum, Madeira, Liſbon, and Teneriffe wine.

November 7. dtf.

Five years old Madeira Wine,

OF the very firſt quality, in pipes, hhds. and quarter caſks, juſt landed from the ſhip Edward, from Madeira, and for ſale by

JOHN CRAIG,

No. 12, Dock-ſtreet.

WHO HAS FOR CHARTER,

The Brigantine

CHARLOTTE,

Burthen about 1200 barrels, juſt hove down and put in complete order, and now ready to receive a cargo.

Alſo, For SALE or CHARTER,

The Ship

JOSEPHUS,

Burthen about 1800 barrels.

november 6. 3awtf.

For Liverpool,

The Ship

CLOTHIER,

Nathaniel D. Gardner, *maſter*, WILL ſail about the 15th inſt. For freight or paſſage apply to the Captain, at Vanuxem's wharf, or to JAMES OLDDEN, No. 41, N. Front-ſtreet.

nov. 3. dtf

For Amſterdam,

The Ship

WILMINGTON,

Captain Hilman;

A Staunch, faſt ſailing, Philadelphia built veſſel, of live oak and cedar, is now in complete order, and will ſail with all poſſible ſpeed, having great part of her cargo already engaged. For freight or paſſage (having excellent accommodations) apply to the captain on board, or to

Summerl & Brown.

Who have on hand,

Gonaives Cotton, Sugar, Mo-

laſſes, and a few thouſand weight of excellent Cordage, including ſeveral Cables of 8½ & 11 inches.

november 3. tuth&stf

For London,

THE SHIP

WILLIAM PENN,

James Joſiah, *Maſter*, WILL ſail with all convenient expedition.——For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the Captain, or to

Jeſſe & Robert Waln.

Oct. 31. §

For London,

THE SHIP

JEAN,

Daniel M'Pherſon, *Maſter.*

TO ſail with all convenient ſpeed—a conſiderable part of her cargo being already engaged.

For terms of Freight or Paſſage, apply to

Roſs & Simſon.

Oct. 27. 6

Port and Madeira Wine,

Now Landing,

By ſhip Edward, from Madeira, and Betſey and Peggy, from Oporto, in Pipes and Hogſheads,

For ſale by

PETER BLIGHT.

WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,

The Ship

AMITY,

Four thouſand barrels burthen, in excellent order—ready to take in a cargo—about three years old.

LIKEWISE,

The Schooner INDUSTRY,

Burthen 800 barrels, ready alſo to receive a cargo—and a quantity of

Jamaica Rum and Sugars,

Juſt landed from the above veſſels at South ſtreet wharf. eoim. Nov. 1.

Antigua Rum,

JUST arrived at Wilmington, Delaware State, and now landing from on board the Brig Active, William Williams, Maſter,

One hundred hhds. 3d & 4th proof,

And for Sale by

Jehu Hollingſworth & Co.

Wilmington, Sept. 21. dtf

N. B. The above Brig, and the brig GAYOSO, are alſo for Sale or Charter, and now ready to receive a cargo on board, at Wilmington. Apply as above.

For Charter,

THE SHIP

John Bulkley,

Samuel Volans, *Maſter.*

THIS veſſel is built of live oak and cedar, of about 3000 barrels burthen, and ready to receive on board a cargo.

Jeſſe & Robert Waln.

Oct. 31. §

For Freight or Charter,

THE GOOD BRIG

SUKEY,

Iſaac Vredenburg, Maſter;

NOW lying at Clifford's wharf, and in compleat order to receive a cargo. For terms pleaſe to apply the Captain on board, or

John Skyrin,

No. 81, Arch-ſtreet.

WHO HAS FOR SALE,

2000 wt. of double refined Saltpetre

600 wt. of F F Gun Powder
300 barrels of Herrings
50 buſhels of Timothy Seed
150 caſes of Claret, firſt quality
And a quantity of Sherry Wine.

Sept. 29. dcf

PHILIP NICKLIN & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

At their STORES on Walnut ſtreet Wharf,

Havannah Sugars, white and brown

25 hhds Jamaica do.
3000 pieces of broad Nankeens
Imperial Tea, in quarters and eighths of cheſts
Quickſilver in tubs
Madeira Wine in pipes and hogſheads
Teneriffe Wine in pipes
Old red Port Wine in hogſheads
Sail Canvaſs, aſſorted, No. 1 to 8
8 caſes of Manchester Goods, conſiſting of Dimities, Muſlinets, Ginghams, Thickſetts, Corduroys, &c.
200 crates Queens' Ware, aſſorted
Nails, aſſorted
Black quart Bottles
Yellow Ocre in caſks
A quantity of writing Slates, ſlate Ink Stands, &c.
100 quarter caſks Gun Powder

They have alſo for SALE or CHARTER,

The Ship

HAMBURG PACKET,

Burthen 320 tons, coppered to the bends, and completely fitted.

The ſhip MOLLY, burthen 340 tons, a good veſſel, and completely fitted.

The brig AMAZON, burthen 1300 barrels, may be ready for ſea in a few days.

The whole of the above veſſels to be ſeen at Walnut ſtreet Wharf. § nov. 10.

Wanted to Charter,

To any port in Hiſpaniola and back again,

A faſt ſailing Veſſel, of the burthen of 6 or 700 barrels. For terms, apply to BENJAMIN MORGAN, No. 170, South Front ſtreet, or to *ROBERT ANDREWS*, No. 86, South Wharves.

november 10. §

For Sale by the Subſcribers,

Prime Rice in whole and half tierces
Bourdeaux Brandy
Teneriſſe Wine
Molaſſes
Georgia and Carolina Indigo
Ravens Duck and one hogſhead of paint bruſhes.

N. & J. Frazer.

No. 95, South Front Street.

Nov. 7. d1m.

Drawing & Painting Academy,

No. 63, Walnut-ſtreet.

JAMES COX,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the generous public, that his academy opens this day, November the 6th.

Hours of tuition for ladies, from 2 till 4 in the afternoon, and in the evening from 6 till 8 for gentlemen.

J. Cox has added to his collection of copies a variety of fine views, &c. drawn from nature during his abſence from the city:

All kinds of colours prepared, and every article uſed in the different branches of drawing and painting, ſold on reaſonable terms.

Terms of Tuition, *Six Dollars and a half* per quarter.

A morning claſs for grown ladies, from 11 till 12 o'clock. d3t nov. 6.

TO BE LET—At a moderate Rent,

The principal part of a HOUSE,

WITHIN a ſhort diſtance of the Coffee-houſe, which has been occupied for the laſt four months, conſiſting of a good dining room and parlour, two bed rooms and a dreſſing room, two garrets, kitchen, wood vault and cellar, all in excellent order, fit for the immediate reception of a ſmall family. None need apply but thoſe who are reſpectable and regular. Inquire at the office of this Gazette.

Oct. 24. dtf

James & Richard Smith,

TAKE the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they have removed their ſtore to No. 54, *South Front-ſtreet*, next door to Edward Fox's Auction Room, where they have at this time for ſale, a large and general aſſortment of

European & Eaſt India Goods,

Many of which are juſt imported in the Clothier, William Penn, &c. &c.

Oct. 27. 6

St. Croix Sugar & Rum,

For Sale by

JOHN NIXON & Co.

Oct. 26. d2w.

Samuel Pleaſants & Sons,

No. 74, South Second-ſtreet,

HAVE received a ſupply of Seaſonable GOODS, which they are now opening for ſale, on reaſonable terms. Oct 27.—4w

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ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

A few bales Baftas, Coſſas, and

a quantity of Bengal COTTON
Bengal SUGAR, in bags and boxes
Jamaica, St. Vincents, and Bengal } RUM.

Oct. 27. §

To Gentlemen who intend ſpending the Winter in the City.

ROOMS to LET,

WITH or without Board—at No. 114, corner of Sixth and Race Streets. The ſituation agreeable—and vicinity has been free from the late contagion. Oct. 27.—dtf

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Imported in the lateſt arrivals from

Amſterdam and Hamburg, and for ſale by

B. & J. BOHLEN,

A large aſſortment of fine French Cambrics,

Platillas	Ruſſia and Dutch ſailcloth
Brittannias	Writing, poſt, and printing paper
Rouanes	
Brown Holland	Dutch calf ſkins
Checks and ſtripes	Prime madder
Ticklenburgs	Shell'd Barley
Oznaburgs	Looking glaſſes
White ſheetings	Hollow glaſs ware
Diaper	Slates
Brown rolls	Coffee mills
Umbrellas	Braſs kettles
Hair ribbons	Scythes and ſtraw knives
Black and white laces	Toys aſſorted in boxes

Beſt Holland Gin in pipes
London particular Madeira Wine

July 24. m&thtf

Wanted, to Hire,

A Large and convenient HOUSE, in or near the centre of the city—for which a generous rent will be given; to be taken for a year, or on leaſe for a longer term. Inquire of the Printer.

Oct. 17. eotf

Young Hyſon Tea.

40 cheſts of a ſuperior quality—Alſo,
100 do. of Hyſon,

Imported in the *Woodrop Sims*, and for ſale by the ſubſcriber, corner of Second and Pine ſtreet.

C. Haight.

november 6. eotf

Mordecai Lewis,

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Store, No. 25, Great Dock-ſtreet,

250 bales of Bengal Goods

Containing Baftas
Coſſas
Gurrahs
Moragugungees
Tookery
Check and Stripes
Bandano Handkerchiefs
Mamoody
Calicoes

11 boxes Iriſh Linens
1 do. Diapers
7 do. Umbrellas
20 canifters Java Sugar
78 bags black Pepper
126 do. Eaſt India Ginger
100 caſks roll Brimſtone
70 pipes Madeira Wine
57 caſks Gin

A quantity of ſheathing Copper and Nails.

October 30. 3aw3w

For Sale by the Subſcriber,

White Plattillas
Brown Hollands
White Sheetings
Dowlaſſes
Sileſia bordered Handkerchiefs
Striped Siamouſes
Black Ribbons, No. 3 and 4
Glaſs Tumblers, and Looking Glaſſes, in in caſes, &c. &c.

George Pennock.

november 6, eod3w

Samuel & Miers Fiſher,

ARE NOW OPENING,

At their Warehouſe, No. 27, Dock Street, a freſh aſſortment of Woolen and other goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, received by the late arrivals from England.

They have alſo for Sale,

Liſbon
Teneriffe
Sherry, and
Port Wines, } In pipes, hhds. and quarter caſks.

Aſſorted queen's ware in crates, &c.

10th mo. 23d. d1w3taw3w.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, No. 21, Penn-ſtreet,

The Cargo of the Ship Ganges,

John Green, commander, from Bengal,

Conſiſting of

Baftas, of various qualities & prices

Coſſaes	Punjum Cloths
Sanahs	Guzzey do.
Humhums	Charconna Dorea
Blue Cloth	Tanjibs
Chintz and Calicoes	Mulmuls
Mamoodys	Checks
Maharagonges	Patna Hhkfs.
Ginghams	Mulmul do.
Guzzenas	Bandannoes
Gurrahs	Siſſerſoy
Piniaſcoes	Choppa Romals
Salgatchys	Sooty do.
Giſſie Romals	Perſians of various colours
Mock Pulicats	

200 tons SUGAR
190,000 lb. PEPPER.

Willings & Francis.

☞ In the courſe of a few days, the PIECE GOODS, compoſing the cargo of the ſhip Ganges, will be expoſed for ſale at that large commodious Store, the northweſt corner of Market and Fourth ſtreets, where a bale of every ſpecies of Goods will be open. d Oct. 31.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

Madeira Wine, firſt quality, in pipes

Madeira Wine, New-York quality, in pipes
Liſbon WINE, in pipes
CLOVES and NUTMEGS } of the lateſt importation, in boxes
Spaniſh Wool, in Bales, ſuitable for Hatters.

Willings & Francis,

Penn-ſtreet, No. 21.

Nov. 1. w&stf

Juſt arrived,

From Port-au-Prince, and for Sale by the ſubſcribers, No. 21, Penn-ſtreet,

642 hogſheads,
82 tierces
523 barrels
646 bags } Prime Coffee

Willings & Francis.

Oct. 28. §

LANDING,

From on board the ſhip Cleopatra, Samuel Newell, commander, from London,

60 tons of the beſt clean Ruſſia HEMP

60 caſks of bottled BROWN STOUT.

For Sale by the ſubſcribers, No. 21, Penn-ſtreet.

Willings & Francis.

Oct. 31. d

FOR SALE,

By BENJAMIN CLARK,

No. 55, the corner of Cheſnut and Front ſtreets,

A large quantity of Clocks and Watches. *Alſo*, a general aſſortment of Tools, Files and Materials, conſiſting of Clock Movements, eight day and thirty hour braſs pinions and forge work; Bells, clock and watch Dials, Springs, Hands, Glaſſes, Pumice Stone, Emery, Rotten Stone, Cat Gut; bench, ſtand and tail Vices; Turns, Pliers, Chains, Seals, Keys, &c. &c.

*** Apprentices Wanted.

november 3. f&tutf

REMOVAL.

Maurice Moynihan,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has removed his Store of China, Glaſs, Queens Ware, and Dry Goods, from No. 81 North Second, to No. 71 North Seventh Street, north eaſt corner of Cherry Alley, where he ſolicits the favor of his former cuſtomers.

N. B. Crates put up with care at the ſhorteſt notice.

* november 2. dtf

Inſurance Company of North America.

The Stockholders are informed, that a meeting is to be held, by adjournment, at the Company's Office, in Front Street, on Monday next the 13th inſt. at 12 o'clock.

Eben. Hazard, Sec'ry.

Nov. 9. d3t.

Landing this day,

From on board the ſchooner Two Friends, Daniel Crawley, Maſter,

80 hhds. and 12 pipes } Jamaica RUM,

FOR SALE BY

George Latimer & Son.

november 9. §

FOR SALE, BY

Joſeph Anthony & Co.

No. 5, Cheſnut Street,

A cargo of choice Bourdeaux Brandy, 1ſt and 2d proof, juſt landed
250 bales of Bourbon cotton of a ſuperior quality
9 do. Surat, do do
A quantity of heavy black pepper in bales
Bourbon Indigo of the firſt quality
High proof Jamaica ſpirits
Old London particular Madeira wine } In pipes & qr. caſks.
do. market do
New England rum in hogſheads
Genuine Holland Gin in pipes
Claret in caſes
Spermaceti candles and ſtrain'd oil
Prime Boſton beef
Choice Halifax Salmon in barrels and half barrels
Do. Herring in do do
Beſt Boſton Mackarel in barrels of the fall fare.
New-England tow linen
A few tons of Ruſſia cordage
Ruſſia feather beds
Clover and Timothy ſeed in caſks
Long whale-bone
No. 1, 2, and 3, Boſton ſail duck
A few cheſts firſt quality Hyſon tea
Carolina rice in whole and half tierces and
An invoice of Dutch hollow glaſs ware.

November 8. d&w.

Philadelphia, Oct. 24th, 1797.

ALL perſons deſirous to contract to furniſh Rations and Quarter Maſter's Stores, during the year 1798, for the troops in Philadelphia, Fort Mifflin, on Mud Iſland, Carliſle and Reading, or any of them, are deſired to deliver their propoſals, under a ſealed cover, on or before the 20th November next, to

TENCH FRANCIS, *Purveyor.*

The Rations to conſiſt of

1 pound Flour or Bread
1 pound Beef, or 3-4 of a pound of Pork
½ gill Rum, Brandy or Whiſkey
1 lb. Candles
2 lb. Soap
2 quarts Vinegar
1 quart Salt } To every hundred rations

&ſſt12thN

Wharton and Lewis,

HAVE FOR SALE,

At their Store and Inſurance Office for ſhipping, No. 115, South Front-ſtreet,

Jamaica Rum, 4th proof, Alicant Brandy, 1ſt & 2d proof } entitled to drawback.
Madeira Wine, and
few hogſheads of Juniper Berries.

October 31. eotf

FOR SALE,

By the SUBSCRIBER, at his Store, No. 75, South Water-ſtreet,

A general aſſortment of China Ware

Black and coloured Sattins
Do. do. Luteſtrings
Do. do. Handkerchiefs
Do. do. ſewing Silks
Imperial and Hyſon Teas
Long and ſhort Nankeens
Quick Silver, in tubs
Holland Gin, in pipes
Aſſorted Glaſs Ware, in caſes
White and brown Havanna Sugars, in boxes
Molaſſes, in hogſheads
St. Croix Rum and Sugar, in do.
London particular Madeira Wine
Sherry and Malaga Wines, in quarter caſks
Red, yellow and pale Barks, in cheſts
Logwood, &c. &c.

nov. 7.—tu&ſ4w *JOSEPH SIMS.*

Landing,

From on board the ſhip Edward, at Walnut-ſtreet Wharf,

London particular Madeira Wine,

of a ſuperior quality, For Sale by the ſubſcriber.

Robert Andrews.

november 3. eotf

For ſale by the Subſcriber,

No. 89, South Third ſtreet,

A few caſks of high proof Brandy
60 Tierces freſh Rice
40 Boxes of Chocolate
A large quantity of aſſorted window glaſs, and
200 pieces ſail cloth, No. 1 to 8
Ravens Duck, Mace and Gum Senegal.

Samuel Breck, Jun.

N. B. An excellent Compting Houſe to let on Roſs's wharf. 6teod Nov. 2.

NOTICE.

The holders of certificates of a loan to the exiled citizens of the State of South Carolina and Georgia, under an act of Congreſs 23d July, 1781, are informed, that by lodging the ſame with George Simpſon, Caſhier of the Bank of the United States, they will be enabled to receive payment of principal and intereſt, as ſoon as the certificates can be forwarded to Charleſton for ſettlement, and orders received for their diſcharge.

November 1. 6t

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15 Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, on the 29th inſt. an apprentice Lad, named JOSEPH BARNET, by trade a paper-maker; about 19 years of age, five feet ſeven or eight inches high, of a light complexion, ties his hair. Had on, and took with him, a caſtor hat, half worn, one brown mixture cloth coatee, new, one light do. half worn, one ſtriped velvet waiſtcoat, with blue cloth backs, one do. with fuſtian backs, and ſundry other thin clothes. It is probable he will change his clothes, as he took a number with him.

Any perſon apprehending ſaid apprentice, and ſecuring him ſo that I can get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home.

PETER BECHTEL.

Lower Merion townſhip, Montgomery county.

October 30. N 1—1aw 3w.

For Sale, by the Package,

For cash, or good notes at sixty or ninety days, viz.

Book and Jaconet Muslins plain stripes, and Checks
do. do. Tamboured
do Ladies handkerchiefs, &
gentlemen's neck do.
} Assorted in packages.

Jaconet chintz muslin for home and the West India market, Pullicote and linen handkerchiefs, for do. do printed do. do. common purple and chintz shawls.

The above goods entitled to drawback on exportation. Also a few scotch cambricks and an assortment of muslin by the piece.

The whole of the above being a consignment from the manufacturers in Britain.

To be seen at WILLIAM BLACKBURN's Office, No. 64, South Second Street.

Nov. 6. 2awtf.

WALKER & KENNEDY,

No. 73, South Front Street,

HAVE FOR SALE,

100 Hogsheads of prime Georgia Tobacco,

ALSO,

50 Pipes of Bourdeaux Brandy,
10 Pipes of old Port Wine

Oct. 17. tawtf

POYNTELL'S

Paper Hangings Manufactory,

No. 70, Chesnut-street,

Where he has for Sale,

A VERY extensive stock, of every colour, and of the most approved patterns, suitable for every part of a house, with great variety of borders to suit.

—ALSO—

A handsome assortment of the most fashionable Silver Grounds London and Paris Papers, and very best plain Green and plain Blue,

With Pannel Papers and a rich variety of Borders.

November 1. eo6t

Clocks and Watches,

Of every description, opening for Sale, by

EPHRAIM CLARK,

At his New Shop, Corner of

MARKET and FRONT STREETS.

—ALSO—

An extensive and general assortment of

Tools, Files, and Materials.

—CONSISTING OF—

Clock Movements and Clock Dials, eight day and thirty hours cast brass, forged work and Pinions, Bells and Hands, Cat Gut, screw and draw Plates, Turkey Stones, Pumice, Emery and Rotten Stone, Springs and Glasses, Chains, Keys, Seals &c &c. Spring and standing Clocks.

Oct. 27. eotf

From Marseilles.

THE CARGO

Of the Swedish barque Gustavus Adolphus, from Marseilles, consisting of the following articles, is discharging at Mr. Latimer's wharf, and for sale by the subscribers

BRANDY, well flavored, of 2, 3 & 4th proof
Claret, in hogsheads
Ditto, in cases
Frontigniac Wine, in cases of 30 bottles
Olive Oil, of a superior quality, in baskets of 6 and 12 bottles
Capers
Olives
Almonds
Dry Verdigrease
Writing Paper
Umbrellas (Silk) of 28, 30 and 32 inches
Taffeties
Long and short white Kid Gloves for Women
Silk Stockings
Handkerchiefs, in imitation of Madrass
Artificial Flowers and Garlands
Ostrich Feathers
Ribbons
Perfumery
Scented Hair-Powder and Pomatum
Manna in sorts
Cream Tartar.

BENJAMIN MORGAN & ROBERT ANDREWS.

September 27. eotf

A Negro Man.

FOR SALE, the unexpired time (four years) of a stout, healthy, active negro Man. He is by trade a Cooper, was brought up when a boy to the farming business, is a good ploughman, understands the care and management of horses, and is a good driver He has lately been employed in painting a new house and paints well—he is good tempered, and believed to be very honest, fold partly for want of employ, but more for being addicted to liquor—For terms apply to No. 12, Dock street, near Spruce street.

Nov. 6. tf

To be Sold,

A Valuable Plantation,

OF upwards of One Hundred Acres of Land, well watered, in a healthy situation, about seven miles from this City; the buildings may be made to accommodate a large family, at a moderate expense, and possession had in a few weeks. Part of the purchase-money being paid, a reasonable credit will be allowed for the remainder.

Enquire of the Printer.

November 3 mwstf

Imported in the ship MANCHESTER,

BENJAMIN SHEWELL, Master,

From Bourdeaux, and for sale by the subscriber, No. 11 Walnut Street.

Bonrdeaux Brandy
Irish market claret in cases
Medoc wine, in do.
Sauterne, do. do.
} Entitled to Drawback.

Thomas Murgatroyd.

WHO HAS FOR SALE.

Sherry Wine in pipes and quarter casks
Rota do. do.
Pimento in bags
4000 bushels Liverpool salt.

Aug. 24. tut&stf.

Philadelphia, Oct. 13.

THE subscribers inform their friends and customers in town and country, that their stores are now open in the city, and others are daily opening, and that from the present appearance of the prevailing disorder have reason to hope, their friends may shortly come to the city with perfect safety. By several late arrivals, numbers have received fresh supplies of GOODS.

Robert Smith & Co. — *P. W. Gallaudet & Co.*
John Davis & Co. — *Sitgreaves & French,*
Neill & Smith, — *George Dobson,*
Wiltberger and Smith, — *Thomas Ryerson,*
Alex Balfland and Co. — *T. R. Hardenberg.*
Jacob Sperry and Co. — *John Smith and Co.*
Owen & Jona. Jones, — *Thomas Orr,*
Keppele & Zantzinger, — *William Barker & Co.*
Adam Zantzinger, — *Thomas Armat & Son.*
John Fries, — *J. Miller, jun. and Co.*
Benjamin & J. Johnson.

Oct. 14

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, *NOVEMBER* 11.

The following, among a great variety of other important *and* necessary *articles of information, may be found in that very neat and useful publication "The American Repository and Annual Register," by B. Davis, 68 High street,]*

ABSTRACT.

DUTIES imposed, by an act of Congress on all STAMPED vellum, parchment and paper, for and during the term of five years from the 31st day of December, 1797, viz.

On a *certificate of naturalization* 5 dols.

certificate of admission enrolment or registry of any counsellor, solicitor, attorniy, advocate or proctor in any court of the United States } 10dolls.

letter patent under the seal of the United States, except for land granted for military services } 4 dolls.

certificate copy of any such letters patent, 2 dolls.

charter party, bottomry, or *respondential bond* } 1 dol.

On a *receipt* or other discharge on account of a *legacy* left by will, or other testamentary instrument, or for any part of a personal estate divided by a statute of distribution, the value whereof is above fifty and not exceeding one hundred dollars } 25 cts.

where the value is above 100 and not exceeding 500 dollars } 50 cts.

and for every further sum of 500 dollars, the additional sum of } 1 dol.

—*policy of insurance* on a ship or vessel or goods going from one district to a nother of the United States } 25 cts.

from the United States to any foreign port, when the sum insured does not exceed 500 dollars } 25 cts.

when it does exceed 500 dollars, 1 dol.

an exemplification with the seal of court other than what is furnished for the use of the United States, or a ny particular state } 50 cts.

A bond, bill single or penal, foreign or inland bill of exchange, any note for the security of money, according to the following scale,

	dolls.	cts.
For any sum above 20 and not exceeding	100	10
100	500	25
500	1000	50
1000		75

But all bonds or notes payable at or within 60 days shall be subject only to two fifths of the duties aforesaid.

Bank notes,

Not exceeding 50 dollars at the rate of 3-5th of a cent for every dollar
above 50 and not exceeding 100 dols. 50 cts.
above 100 and not exceeding 500 dols. 1 dol
above 500 2 dols.

The secretary of the treasury is authorised to compound with any bank or banks for the amount of the stamp duties by receiving one per centum on the amount of the annual dividend of such bank.

A protest or other notarial act 35 cts.

—*letter of attorney*, except for pensions, or to obtain or sell warrants for lands granted as bounty for military services } 25 cts.

—*certificate or debenture* for drawbacks for less than 500 dols. } 1 dol.

for 500 and not exceeding 2000 dols. } 2 dols.

for more than 2000 dols. 3 dols.

—*note or bill of lading* of goods exported from one district to another } 10 cts.

ditto, to any foreign port, 25 cts.

An inventory for goods or effects required by law (except where they are distrained for rent or taxes, or taken by an officer in a legal process } 50 cts.

A certificate of a share in any bank, above 20 and not exceeding 100 dols. } 10 cts.

above 100 dollars 25 cents

under 20 dollars at the rate of 10 cents for one hundred dols.

for any less sum the same.

N. B. Legacies left by will of any part of a personal estate to the wife, children or grand children, or divided among them by any statute of distributions; and recognisances, bills, bonds and other obligations that shall be made to the United States or any state, are free from duty.

All policies of insurance shall be duly stamped and made out within the space of three days at farthest, under the penalty of twenty dollars for every offence. And all promissory notes for the assurance of ships or goods at sea or going to sea, in lieu of a policy, shall be void.

All kinds of writing, relative to the hire or freight of a ship, for the conveyance of money, goods or other effects shall be deemed a charter party.

Every receipt for money, in part or whole, of a legacy of a personal estate, subject to duty, if all express therein the true sum that has been paid, under the penalty of twenty dollars: And every receipt in full shall be deemed for the whole amount of the legacy, unless it appear that what was paid previously, if any, was acknowledged on stamp paper.

Every counsellor, solicitor attorney, proctor or advocate, before he shall prosecute or defend any action in any court of the United States, shall take a stamped certificate of his admission from the clerk or prothonotary of the court.

The supervisors of the revenue are empowered and required, upon the application of any person for the same, to stamp any quantities or parcels, of vellum, parchment or paper, on his paying the duties respectively directed.

Every person that shall write or print any of the instruments aforementioned on parchment, vellum or paper unstamped, or stamped with less duties (with intent to evade the law) shall forfeit for every offence 600 dollars.

Every clerk, officer or other person in a public office, who shall be guilty of the same offence or with stamps which he knows to be counterfeit, shall forfeit 500 dollars; and the officer shall forfeit his office.

No instrument of writing whatever (subject to duty) shall be pleaded or given in evidence in any court, unless it be duly stamped—the offender shall forfeit 10 dollars for every such offence, over and above the stated duty.

Every person who shall counterfeit the stamps, make use of or vend them knowing them to be counterfeit, shall be subject to a fine of 1000 dollars, and 7 years imprisonment.

AN ACT

OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT,

For carrying into execution the Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, concluded between his Majesty and the United States of America.

[4th July, 1797.]

(Concluded from Tuesday's Gazette.)

XVII. And whereas, by the said fifteenth article of the treaty before mentioned, it is further agreed, that the British government does reserve to itself the right of imposing on American vessels entering into the British ports in Europe, a tonnage duty equal to that which shall be payable by British vessels in the ports of America: And whereas it is thought expedient for the present to exercise the power reserved in the said article so far only as relates to imposing a tonnage duty on American ships entering the ports of his majesty's dominions in Europe, equal to the excess of the duty payable in the ports of the United States by British ships beyond that which is payable by American ships entering the same ports; be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the fifth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the use of his majesty, his heirs and successors, a tonnage duty, at and after the rate of two shillings of good and lawful money of Great-Britain, for each and every ton burthen of every ship or vessel belonging to the inhabitants of the United States of America, coming or arriving within the limits of any port of Great-Britain, and that the tonnage of every such ship or vessel shall, in case of any doubt or dispute as to the same, be ascertained by admeasurement, in the mode and manner directed by an act passed in the twenty sixth year of his present majesty's reign, intituled "an act for the further increase and encouragement of shipping and navigation.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any officer or officers of his majesty's customs to stop and detain every ship or vessel liable to the payment of the said duty, until the said duty is paid as aforesaid; and in case payment thereof shall not be made for the space of three calender months after the arrival of such ship or vessel at any port in this kingdom, it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of his majesty's customs in England and Scotland respectively, or any three or more of them, to cause such ship or vessel, and her masts, apparel, and furniture, to be sold publicly to the best bidder, and the produce thereof to be applied first, to the charge that shall arise by such detention and sale, next, to the said duty imposed by this act, and the overplus to be paid to the proprietor of such ship or vessel, or other person duly authorized by such proprietor to receive the same.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the tonnage duty hereby imposed shall be paid into the hands of the proper officer of his majesty's customs, at the respective ports or places where such duty shall become due and payable, and such duty shall be under the management of the commissioners of his majesty's customs in England and Scotland respectively.

XX. And, to the intent that the said duty may be answered and paid, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no officer of his majesty's customs whatever, or his deputy or clerk, at any of the said ports or places in Great Britain, where such duty shall become due and payable, shall, from and after the said 5th day of January, 1798, take or receive any entry outwards, cocquet or report outwards, for any ship or vessel liable or subject to the said duty, nor shall such ship or vessel be suffered or permitted to depart from any such port or place until the said duty shall be paid, pursuant to the directions of this act, to the respective collectors or other principal officers of his majesty's customs, authorised to receive the same, and until the respective master or owner of any such ship or vessel, subject to the payment of such duty, shall shew to such respective officer a receipt for the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all the monies from time to time arising by the several new and additional duties by this act imposed as aforesaid, (the necessary charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall, from time to time, be paid into the receipt of his majesty's exchequer at Westminster, and the said money so paid in as aforesaid shall be carried to and made part of the consolidated fund.

XXII. And whereas, by the 13th article of the said treaty of amity, commerce and navigation between his Britannic majesty and the United States of America, it is, among other things, provided, that the vessels belonging to the citizens of the United States of America, shall be admitted and hospitably received in all the seaports and harbours of the British territories in the East Indies, and that the citizens of the said United States may freely carry on a trade between the said territories and the said United States, in all articles of which the exportation or importation respectively, to or from the said territories, shall not be entirely prohibited; and it is further provided, that the said trade shall be carried on under the regulations contained in the said article; and it is expressly agreed that the vessels of the United States shall not carry any of the articles exported by them from the said British territories to any port or place, except to some port or place in America where the same shall be unladen, and that such regulations shall be adopted by both parties, as shall from time to time be found necessary to enforce the due and faithful observance of the above recited stipulation; be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the ships belonging to the citizens of the United States to carry on the said trade to the British territories in the East Indies, and to import into, and export from the said territories, all articles of which the importation or exportation respectively to or from the said territories, shall not be entirely prohibited, in the manner and with the privileges and advantages, and subject to the restrictions and regulations contained and expressed in the said 13th article of the said treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, any law to the contrary notwithstanding, and particularly notwithstanding any provisions contained in an act passed in the twelfth year of the reign of his late majesty king Charles the second, entitled "An act for the encouraging and increasing of shipping and navigation."

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all acts done, or engagements entered into by the subjects of the United States, or of his majesty, in pursuance of the said thirteenth article, shall be deemed and taken to be lawfully done, provided the same shall have been done or entered into since the final ratification of the said treaty, and provided the same might have been done and entered into agreeably to the said thirteenth article, any law to the contrary notwithstanding, and the same shall be deemed and taken to be, in all respects, and to all intents and purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been done, entered into, or had taken place subsequent to the passing of this act, any prohibition to the contrary notwithstanding; and no penalty, forfeiture, or disability, of any kind or nature whatsoever, shall be incurred or sued for, for or on account of any such acts or engagements.

XXIV. And whereas, by the ninth article of the said treaty, it was agreed that British subjects, who then held lands in the territories of the said United States, and American citizens who then held lands in the dominions of his majesty, should continue to hold them according to the nature and tenor of their respective states and titles therein, and might grant, sell, or devise the same to whom they should please, in like manner as if they were natives, and that neither they nor their heirs or assigns should, so far as might respect the said lands and the legal remedies incident thereto, be regarded as aliens; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all lands, tenements and hereditaments, in the kingdom of Great Britain, or the territories and dependencies thereto belonging, which on the said twenty-eighth day of October one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five (being the day of the exchange of the ratifications of the said treaty between his majesty and the said United States) were held by American citizens, shall be held and enjoyed, granted, sold and devised, according to the stipulations and agreements contained in the said article; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to give any right, title, or privilege to any person, not being a natural born subject of this realm, which such person would not have been entituled to if this act had not been made, other than and except such rights, titles, and privileges as shall be necessary for the true and faithful performance of the stipulations in the said article contained, according to the true interest and meaning thereof, or to give to any person, not being either a natural born subject of this realm, or a citizen of the said United States, any right, title or privilege, to which such person would not have been entitled if this act had not been made.

XXVI. And whereas by the said treaty it is further agreed, that his majesty and the United States, on mutual requisitions by them respectively, or by their respective ministers or officers authorized to make the same, will deliver up to justice all persons who, being charged with murder or forgery committed within the jurisdiction of either, shall seek an asylum within any of the countries of the other, provided that this shall only be done on such evidence of criminality as, according to the laws of the place where the fugitive or person so charged shall be found, would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial, if the offence had there been committed, and that the expence of such apprehension and delivery shall be borne and defrayed by those who make the requisition and receive the fugitive; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case requisition shall at any time be made, in pursuance of and according to the said article, for the delivery of any person charged with murder or forgery, committed within the jurisdiction of the said United States, it shall be lawful for one of his Majesty's principal secretaries of state, by warrant under his hand and seal, to signify that such requisition has been so made, and to require all justices of the peace, and other magistrates and officers of justice, to govern themselves accordingly, and to be aiding and assisting in apprehending the person so charged, and committing such person, for the purpose of being delivered up to justice, according to the provisions in the said article, and thereupon it shall be lawful for any justice of the peace, or other person having power to commit for trial persons charged with offences against the laws of this kingdom, to examine upon oath any person or persons touching the truth of such charge, and upon such evidence as according to the laws of this kingdom, would justify the apprehension and commitment for trial of the person so charged, if the offence wherewith he shall be so charged had been committed in this kingdom, it shall be lawful for such justice of the peace, or other person having power to commit as aforesaid, to commit the person so charged to his Majesty's gaol, there to remain, until delivered pursuant to such requisition as aforesaid, and thereupon it shall be lawful for one of his majesty's secretaries of state, by warrant under his hand and seal, to order the person so committed to be delivered to such person or persons as shall be authorized by the said United States to receive the person so committed, and convey such person to the dominions of the said United States, to be tried for the offence with which such person shall be so charged; and if the person so charged shall escape out of any custody to which he shall be committed as aforesaid, it shall be lawful to retake such person in the same manner as any person charged with any offence against the laws of this kingdom may be retaken upon an escape, so that such person so charged as aforesaid may be effectually delivered up to justice, according to the true intent and meaning of the said article of the said treaty.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, that this act shall continue in force, so long as the said treaty between his Majesty and the United States of America shall continue in force, and no longer.

The Medical Lectures

In the University of Pennsylvania, are postponed until the last Monday in November next.

October 14. 22w4w.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

FRANCE.

SPEECH

OF MERLIN, AT HIS INSTALMENT AS ONE OF THE DIRECTORS, TO HIS COLLEAGUES.

"*Citizen Directors,*

"In the moment in which I am about to take a share in your labours, a thousand confused sentiments arise in my mind: in ordinary circumstances the duties which I am called on to execute are so important of themselves, that it is difficult to think of them without uneasiness. What then must be my alarm, when I consider them in all the additional splendour which you have added to them.

"Flattery can, without doubt, never approach the circle of the directory; but when truth does you honour, he who is to be your colleague ought to be suffered to speak it.

"In the first moments of your high administration you found the republic in the most deplorable situation:—Its financial resources appeared entirely exhausted; a paper without any value represented the public fortune; all the arms of industry were bound; all the channels of commerce blocked up: some powers had been detached from the coalition, but it still wore a formidable appearance, and seemed to have made up, by extraordinary efforts, for the loss of some of its leading members. Civil war raged in the departments of the east; and, in the interior, the public spirit, gradually debased, threatened republican institutions with almost certain ruin; the enemies of the people were become their magistrates; the sword of national justice had given way to the poniard of revenge; the laws were impotent, and their organs mute; emigrant rebels, and men condemned to death, had actually taken their seats in the senate; the emigrants reigned in the republic, and the republicans were forced to emigrate.

"Things were in this situation when you took on your hands the reins of authority, and see what is their present situation.—Commerce has resumed its activity, industry is again animated, and the earth has given up the treasures which mistrust had buried in it. Abundance every where prevails in our cities; the arts again smile at their regeneration; civil war is extinguished; on the Rhine, on the Adige, on the banks of Oglio, our triumphant armies have every where carried with them victory, and victory has dictated peace to the expiring coalition; the fruitful seeds of liberty have been scattered over the neighbouring countries, their reproduction and their multiplication will be your work. You have repressed the factious, and on comparing with our former troubles, the situation in which we have lived for the two last years, every man who has a sense of justice, even though he has not subdued his prejudices to his real interest, is forced to do you homage, and to agree, that you have terminated the revolution.

"Your triumphs, however, citizens directors, your courage, the good which you have done, and that which you have attempted to do, have all of them been nearly rendered of no avail, by the attempts of the conspirators whom you have overturned.—Oh shame! oh infamy! oh accumulated baseness and meanness! The friends of kings were become the legislators of the republic; traitors were engaged in deliberations with you; they would have sold the honor of their country, the interests of the state, and the blood of all patriots to a stranger; and liberty and the republic would soon have been at an end; but you were at your posts, and liberty and the republic were saved.

"Immortal day of the 4th of September, you will be famous among the days of the French revolution; and it is to you that the whole glory of it belongs. What, without the assistance of the executive directory and its faithful representatives, driven by violence from the tribune, defamed by calumny, and impotent even by their virtue, what, I say, what could good citizens do in opposition to those sanguinary and abominable laws, which forbade the most pacific meetings, which armed against them infamous cut-throats, which recalled emigrants to every part of France, which deprived the purchasers of national property of their most legitimate acquisitions? The legislative body is now become republican; laws are come to console, to secure, and to encourage citizens; no disorder, no act of violence has debased your victory; it has been pure as your intentions; the 4th of September might have been a day of battle, it has turned out a day of rejoicing.

"Honour then is due to your wisdom and your courage; honour to the representatives of the nation, who have felt, that between your cause and theirs there was no difference; and honour to you, the brave companions of Buonaparte and of Hoche, Angereau, and Cherin, names dear to republicans and to liberty; and to you, intrepid soldiers, so worthy of the chiefs who command you, and so worthy to obey them; honour to you, ye conquering republicans, virtuous and proud people, you who have replied with so much wisdom and moderation to the vile calumnies of those who were not worthy of knowing you; you have shewn yourselves calmly strong, and coolly confident of your power. Your enemies have felt it: nor were you ever more terrible to them than in that majestic repose which left your energy to be imagined, and dispensed you from the necessity of shewing it.

"To me, citizens directors, it is highly honourable to have soon to embrace as colleagues those whom my country now hails as its saviours. It is too, particularly agreeable to me, to recollect the first moments in which together we brandished the first arms for the cause of liberty. Yes, from the first dawn of the revolution, while one of you was laying the foundation by generous s-

crifices, and by a noble diſintereſtedneſs for the fate which was one day to call him to concur in the foundation of the republic, and to become one of its firſt magiſtrates, I had the honour of ſitting with his two other colleagues in that aſſembly, which began ſo much without accompliſhing any thing; and with a juſt degree of pride I ſpeak it, the people then conſidered us as their firmeſt friends:—we have juſtified, and we will juſtify that opinion.

"Yes, citizens directors, I am proud of being joined to you—of being able to ſee at home thoſe qualities which diſtinguiſh you as magiſtrates; as your private virtues, that mild philanthropy which is the culture of ſcience and the ſimple taſte for nature, the attendant on a lofty and ſympathetic ſoul, in one; in another, that firmneſs of character, that rapidity of thought, that unſhaken ardor, which is never ſtopped by obſtacles, and which ſees in difficulties only the means of glory and a ſource of triumphs; and abroad, that brilliant courage and thoſe affable manners which temper the exerciſe of authority, and command attachment while they enſure reſpect.

"What ſhall I ſay to you, citizens directors, and what can I bring into this ſociety of virtues and talents! A zeal, induſtry, and unbounded devotion, and conſtant efforts to deſerve your eſteem, by labouring, like you, for the republic.

"Republic! May this ſacred name—this name which ruffians have dared to tarniſh, become the object of univerſal eſteem. May its inſtitutions be honored—May it be beloved by its children as it is feared by its enemies; may the intimate union of its chief magiſtrates, and their unanimous agreement with legiſlators, bind ſtill more ſtrongly the bonds which it has attempted to divide; and may the coalition of all means and of all efforts at length realize that wiſh which is in the boſom of all good men—that of the traſquillity of the republic within, and peace with its external enemies, honorable, ſolid, and ſuch as the innumerable triumphs which I ſee on every ſide of us, point out to us to require.

"Full of theſe ſentiments, and convinced of the neceſſity of adding to the conviction which you already muſt feel of their ſincerity, the additional pledge of a ſolemn oath, which is nothing to a raſcal, but a religious duty to an honeſt man; and in order to prove my inviolable ſubmiſſion to the laws of the republic,

"I ſwear hatred to royalty and anarchy and attachment nnd fidelity to the conſtitution of the 3d year."

Citizen Francois de Neufchateau then ſaid,

"CITIZEN DIRECTORS,

"After what citizen Merlin haa ſaid, I could only repeat expreſſions which I ſhould be fearful of weakening. Theſe ſentiments have been in my heart ſince my firſt infancy. Brought up in the ſchool of philoſophy, the revolution found me ready to embrace its doctrine, and to maintain it. I am well convinced, that a citizen ought to live and die for the republic, that he owes himſelf entirely and without reſerve to it, and that it is in the republic that we ought to place and conſecrate, in ſome ſort, all our wiſhes and all our hopes. This profeſſion of faith being alſo yours, citizen directors, I am happy in partaking your labors, as I entertain the ſame ideas and have ſhared the ſame dangers. It is a flattering circumſtance to me to find here three diſtinguiſhed members of the conſtituent aſſembly, and one of my colleagues in the legiſlative aſſembly, with whom I remember to have run other dangers on the 10th of Auguſt, 1792. I am penetrated as you are with this immutable principle (of which the 4th of September affords a ſublime application) that the beſt means of maintaining a government and of rendering it ſtable, is to bring it back conſtantly to the principles on which it has been founded. It is therefoae neceſſary that France and its goverument ſhould conſtantly return to republican principles.

"A witneſs of the purity of you intentions and of the greatneſs of your courage, and admiring thoſe virtues at this great conjuncture, I am happy in the choice which conſtitutes me a member of the executive directory, and which unites me intimately with the ſaviours of my country. It is with joy, then, and from my heart, that I take before you the oath of hatred to royalty and anarchy, and of inviolable attaehment to the republic and of fidelity to the conſtitution of the 3d year."

The preſident of the directory replied to them,

"*Citizens Colleagues*,

"It is agreeable for me to be the organ of the executive directory, to expreſs to you how happy they are to ſee you among the number of their members.

"They have at length paſſed thoſe days of anguiſh in which miſtruſt and diſcord prevailed in our circle. The moſt agreeable confidence is about to prevail among us, or rather already prevails, and nothing can diſturb it. Whatever difference may be in our pleaſures and in our habits, our harmony will not be leſs perfect. We all know one another, and we are all convinced that each of us energetically wiſhes for the republic, and the conſtitution of the 3d year, which is the pledge of it; that every one of us is deſirous of ſeeing virtne prevail, of inſpiriug all hearts with the love of the country: that every one of us, in ſhort has no other ambition than that of ſeeing France free and happy within, and great and honourable without.

"May this affecting agreement ſerve as an example to all Frenchmen—May all republicans rally, and the ſhades of opinion no longer render them the ſport of ariſtocracy & fanaticiſm—may terroriſm, which one party affect to fear, and which the other would really render terrible, in order to drive us into the arms of Royalty, no lodger ſerve as a pretence to ſtop the progreſs of public ſpirit—may government meet with confidence, and the iFrench perſuade themſelves that this dreadful ſyſtem will never revive—may thoſe violent men, whoſe exceſſes created perhaps as many enemies to the revolution as the deſtruction of abuſes, be ſenſible for once, that energy of ſoul, and vigor of means are adverſe both to oppreſſion and atrocity; while on the other hand, weak and timid men may henceforth ceaſe to calumniate decided republicans—may they know that wiſdom is as far removed from weakneſs and puſillanimity, as from exceſs and cruelty? in a word, may all parties unite themſelves on truly patriotic principles, by the principle of thoſe who know how to unite great wiſdom of conduct with great vigor of character, an ardent paſſion for juſtice, with an unbounded attachment to liberty: an almoſt reſtleſs vigilance for the ſupport of the republic, with a great love for peace; and a humanity and compaſſion, with the ſeverity neceſſary to repreſs vice in general, and the enemies of liberty in particular.

"It is by this agreement of all parties, by their union with the friends of liberty, whoſe true character we have delineated, and by the practical effects of their maxims, that we ſhall ſee the republic conſolidated, and the conſtitution of the third year ſtrengthened beyond the poſſibility of being ſhaken.

"To this object all our wiſhes and all our labours tend: and we never thought our hopes better founded than ſince we have known who were the aſſociates, and whom the wiſdom of the legiſlative body had choſen for us."

A new diſcharge of artillery announced the inſtallation of the new directors.

A meſſage was then ſent to each of the councils, adviſing them of the inſtallation of citizens Merlin and Francois *(de Neufchateau.)*

By this day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, November 10.

SCOTLAND.

Conſiderable riots have taken place in that part of the Britiſh dominions in conſequence of the enforcement of the Military Act. They have however been quieted, as will appear from the following:

At a general meeting of the lord lieutenant of the county of Hiddenton, and his deputies, held at Hiddenton the 7th day of September, 1797.

The lord lieutenant and his deputies take this firſt opportunity of their being convened in a general meeting, to expreſs their warmeſt acknowledgments to the military, both officers and privates, who were employed under the civil power, in reſtoring peace and good order in the late unhappy and atrocious riot at Tranent, upon Tueſday the 29th of Auguſt laſt, for their long and patient forbearance at the commencement of the riot, and for their temperate, firm, and manly conduct in ſuppreſſing it: and the meeting, without detracting from the merits of the other officers and privates employed on that occaſion, beg leave to expreſs their marked approbation of the conduct of captain Tinlay, of the Cinque Ports cavalry, and of captain Price, of the Pembrokeſhire cavalry, for their judicious conduct in that affair; and the meeting recommend to the lord lieutenant to wait upon lord Hawkeſbury, the commanding officer of the Cinque Ports cavalry, to expreſs their ſentiments, to requeſt that his lordſhip will take the earlieſt and moſt proper mode of communicating theſe ſentiments to the officers and privates of his own corps, and of conveying them to the commanding officer of the Pembroke cavalry; and for the alacrity with which the detachment of that corps marched to ſupport the laws and the conſtitution of their country.

(Signed) TWEEDDALE,
Lord Lieutenant.

PARIS NOT TRANQUIL.

The Chouans of Paris do not yet conſider themſelves as ſubdued: on the 8th of September, they inſulted the citizens at the Theatre of Moliere, but they prudently deſpiſed their provocations. Yeſterday, at a tavern, the repreſentative Lehardi, who took ſuch an active part in bringing about the revolution of the 4th, was threatened and attacked by two Chouans, who behaved ſo ill that he was obliged to ſeize one of them by the collar, in order to conduct him before a juſtice of the peace. But his comrade having taken flight, he ſucceeded in extricating himſelf, and got off. If the police do not take care, the cut-throats under the commaud of Pichegru will ſoon revenge their general in diſgrace, by deſtroying thoſe men who have been the moſt active in overthrowing royalty.—Annales Politiques.

PARIS, September 12.

PAPERS

Alluded to in the addreſs of the council to the departments and the armies.

The following papers were not ſtuck up, but were printed and diſtributed:

(No. 1.)

Extract of the correſpondence ſeized at Le Maitre's.

"Mr. Bayard, who will deliver this, is ſent by the Engliſh ambaſſador, but you may place great confidence in him. Aſſiſt him with your adviee and otherwiſe—it is for the good cauſe, and Mr. Bayard is a true and loyal royaliſt.

"I embrace you with all my heart.

"E. D. V."

(No. 2.)

"I am informed from Verona of the 8th, but not by a perſon of the council, that the king will leave that place ſoon. Marſhal de Caſtries and Mr. Flachlauden ſay nothing."

(No. 3.)

"The prieſts are active in the diſtribution of the newſpapers, and all for the love of God.—This body of men are become ſingularly diſintereſted. I ſhould be very ſorry that the intrigue which is renewing for the princeſs royal ſhould ſucceed; for if it ſhould, they would have an hoſtage; that is my apprehenſion, and that is the reaſon why I have inſiſted upon forty-nine always remaining free. Barthelemy is ill, and very melancholy, and I ſhould not be ſurpriſed if he is affected by remorſe, I have informed them, that if they chooſe, I will ſound him, to ſee if he would obey an order from the king to quit the place, and to deliver to the perſon appointed all the papers relative to the embaſſy. They did not anſwer me, becauſe they never anſwer.—Farewell."

(No. 4.)

"The opinion of the king and of the princes in the interior, &c. &c. you perceive ought not to be known.

"Above all things, let us not ſpeak of the perfidy of the Engliſh or of Pitt, but only ſome ſlight diſapprobation or advice. All the reſt of the politics may be laid open; the intrigues of Vienna and of Doulcet may all be diſcovered.

(No. 5.)

"You aſk me many things. Without doubt you wiſh to eſtabliſh a correſpondence with the armies of the coaſt; and you want to know what is paſſing in the committee and in the armies—that is very well. This is a great work, but it would be nothing if the means to accompliſh it were ſufficient. I would then exert myſelf; but I will tell you one thing, and your conſtitution will ſurely do it, that is, that they ſhonld obtain nothing but by fair means."

(No. 6.)

"Will the emperor penetrate into Alſace as a conqueror? or will he conquer it for the king of France?—I confeſs to you, that I believe nothing; for it will be neceſſary to diſcover his plan beforehand. This may cauſe the campaigu to fail, but may effect the diſpoſitions of the primary aſſemblies; and when the enemy enters upon the republican territory, the convention will turn their attention from any beneficial purſuits, to induce them to oppoſe the enemy, who can anſwer, that the court of Vienna, which is acquainted with the diſpoſition of the interior, may not be anxious that it ſhould not be manifeſted in a manner that may not correſpond with its views?

(No. 7.)

"Soyer wrote to us yeſterday. I know that Barthelemy is not content: he wrote, confidentially, to a friend, that all this would end badly."

(No. 8.)

"To all this no anſwer is given: but they went to unravel Doulcet's intrigue; for that purpoſe, they had remitted me more than 200 Louis. Tell me how I ſhall diſpoſe of them."

(No. 9.)

"Mr. Wickham does not approve of rejecting the conſtitutionaliſts. Have you ſeen the new work of Dumourier?"

(No. 10.)

"40—If you can, without inconvenience, bring me Bezane's Elements of Mathematics, our dear Marmontel's Elements of literature, to 48, you will oblige me much. Bring us ſome intelligence from the latter, if you can do it without endangering yourſelf. My uncle has written to him by the laſt courier."

(No. 11.)

"Beſſot, lieutenant of volunteers." (It appears that there are a great number of letters written by this Beſſot, a counter-revolutionary perſon and ſpy)

"Hnninguen, Sept. 26, 1796.

"When any certain intelligence of I. I. ſhall be received, it ſhall be ſent to you immediately. He went ſtraight to London, where we know that he arrived in 48 hours."

"You mock me, my dear comrade, from what I can judge by your letter of the 12th; reſt quiet; we ſhall have our hire as well as the army of Kleber; we ſhall here paſs the Rhine, as we hope we are all well diſpoſed; troops muſt come here in a ſhort time, as we are aſſured. I ſhall ſend you an account of what we are doing; what gives me the greateſt uneaſineſs is, the want of money for the purpoſe of the campaign; ſee my brother-in-law, and endeavour to perſuade him to ſend me ſomething, among other things three ſhirts, if he can, with two or three pair of ſtockings; in ſo doing you will perform me a very friendly office. I am ſure that Goujon will employ you for me if he is able. You know that we have been at Manheim for ſome days, where we expect to hear from you; my compliments to all your friends, whom I hope to ſee. Adieu, my dear comrade, I embrace you in friendſhip.

(Signed) "BESSOT,
"Lieutenant of volunteers."

"Have you received the 200 livres that Voldene undertook to forward to you; what the Devil are you ſpeaking of, if Wurmſer has been to ſee J. J.? He came there; they agreed very well.

"Voldene is come from Vienna; he will, I believe, inform you of a great many things."

(No. 12.)

"Sections of Paris—the enemies rely on them.

"You may be ſure that J. J. is in a fury, particularly at ſeeing how well every thing goes on in the interior; he does all he can, and will take advantage of the firſt opportunity which he ſhall ſee. Reſt aſſured of this.

"La Vendee goes on well. F——y is there."

(No. 13.)

"Maynaud Pancemont—Curate of St. Sulpice acknowledges the receipt for money."

28th Sept. 1796.

"Yes, certainly, Sir; I recollect the different ſums which have come to me through your hands, and what have been employed according to your wiſhes. I have received, incloſed in your letter, the 10,000 livres, in bills of 2,000 livres, and I ſhall act according to your intentions. I return you, in the name of religion, my ſincereſt thanks, and circumſtances ſhall put it in my power to do ſo in perſon. I hope ſincerely that this day will come, for our reciprocal conſolation, I am Sir, with great reſpect, your very humble and obedient ſervant.

(Signed) "MAYNAUD PANCEMONT,
Curate of St. Sulpice."

(No. 14.)

"La Roche, Ratel, ſectionary writer and ſpy.

"La Roche has been written to by Ratel, and the latter preſſes him to haſten the interview: we ſhall ſee whether he receives the invitation kindly.

"I was yeſterday at La Roche to look for Ratel and to confer with him on the object to which your letter alludes. He is gone for monies, whither he has been ſent for on the preceeding evening by the electors. They have promiſed me that he ſhall be informed of my onſet, and that he ſhall come to ſee me immediately.

"Another contingent evil would be, their having at their diſpoſal Madame Royale; and it is for the ſections of Paris, and for all Frace, to avert the blow, and not to ſuffer themſelves to be deprived of the remainder part of that miſerable family."

(No. 15.)

"Lacretelle, it is ſaid, leads the ſection of Lepelletier; that is, in my opinion, the company of grenadiers.

"We have not been able yet to ſee citizen Ratel, though twice invited to receive the teſtimony of your friendſhip. He agrees that all the ſections are led by ten or twelve perſons, but that the principal are Leharpe, Lacretelle, and Richer Seresy. But how, ſaid I, can all this be poſſible? for we believe that theſe three perſons are not republicans; and if they are not, how can they lead thoſe who are?

"If M. Sourdat had ſome new numbers of the Ventriloquiſt, it would effect wonders. I have no farther time, as the guard waits to carry the packet to the diligence, which is oppoſite to the Luxemburgh Health."

(No. 16.)

"It is vexatious not to be able to have a onverſation with Ratel. It has not been poſſible to ſee him. He has always avoided public ways and high roads, without appearing in ihis country, and we have no more communieations with La Roche than you; beſides, I have no perſon at my diſpoſal to ſend into that country. I ſhall, however, riſk a letter to him, by the medium of his friend Lambert, though we do not know whether it will ſucceed. He was to rejoin Barail at Nantes, and they were to go to Verſailles together."

(No. 17.)

"We are to ſpeak of the communications which remain to be made to me with reſpect to a part of the amneſty. With reſpect to the 49 (who voted the death of Louis XIV.) I do not think that the king can, by any public act, or by any new declaration, pardon thoſe judges. But the king regards as a different matter, a pardon to be granted to thoſe who, having committed this crime, ſhould render ſuch ſervice, and ſo employ their force and means, as that the king ſhould feel himſelf indebted to them for his reſtoration to his throne. In this caſe, ſhould the king grant a pardon, no one could condemn his conduct; but great acts and great ſervices would be neceſſary to his excuſe and juſtification."

(No. 18.)

Proof that Lemaitre had a copy of a ſecret treaty with Holland—Art. The ports of C——, of Br——, Colombe, Trincomale, ſhall be open to French ſhips, as well as to the ſhips of the United Provinces, and on the ſame conditions.

(No. 18.)

Poiſſy, aſſociate of Marat.

31ſt December. Barthelemy wrote that the new year would ſee the Regicides fall; the royaliſts the conſtitution of 1791.

J. C. Boiſſy wrote, that he would write againſt the Royaliſts, in order to ſerve them the better; that he wiſhed for Mallet and Monteſquieu to poſt up royalty, and Malouet, Stael, and Narbonne, Conſtitutionaliſts.

10th and 12th Auguſt. Boiſſy—We muſt have a royal conſtitution; we cannot truſt the Engliſhmen in the South; as they wiſh for anarchy.

(No. 20.)

Lamont, formerly advocate at Caces; good Henry Larivierre, advocate at Falaire; good M. Butts, at Paris. (He was there on the 20 Aug. 1797!

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.

James Carroll, Eſq. is elected ſpeaker of the houſe of delegates, of Maryland.

A warrant has been iſſued by the houſe of delegates, for a new election of delegates, for the city of Baltimore.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 21.

MARRIED—By the Rev. Biſhop Smith, on Tueſday evening, Major Thomas Pinckney, late miniſter to the court of London, to Mrs. Frances Middleton, widow of John Middleton, Eſq.

NOTICE.

ALL perſons concerned are hereby notified, that the ſubſcriber intends to apply for a renewal of the undermentioned loſt certificates of Stock in the Bank of the United States—He forwarded them under cover of a letter addreſſed to John Anſley, of London, by the ſhip Bacchus, capt. George, which left this port in June laſt for London. But that ſhip having been captured on her paſſage and ſent to France, the above letter and incloſure have failed in their deſtination.

Three certificates, viz.

Nos. 26325, 26326, 26327, each for four ſhares, dated January 1ſt, 1797, and iſſued in the name of Henry Grace, of Tottenham Higheroſs, Great Britain.

ZACCHEUS COLLINS.

Philadelphia, november 8. 2aw6w

SILK.

ANY perſon having raw Silk of American or European produce, may hear of a purchaſer who will give a liberal price for the ſame, Application to be made at the ſtore of ROBERT LEWIS, jun. No. 70, Pine Street wharf, any time before the 12th of January next.

Nov. 10. *eo3t.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, *NOVEMBER* 11.

Yeſterday, about two o'clock in the afternoon, the Preſident of the United States arrived in town, after an abſence of between three and four months. He was met at Frankford, and eſcorted to town, by the three volunteer troops of horſe of this city, commanded by captains Dunlap, Singer, and Morrell, and the county troop commanded by captain Forreſt. On alighting from his carriage, he was welcomed by the huzzas of a crowd of citizens aſſembled on the occaſion, and a federal ſalute from a detachment of the artillery. The Heads of Departments immediately waited upon him with their congratulations on his ſafe return to the Seat of Government.

Peals were rung from the Bells of Chriſt Church and continued thro' the day.

—

The Aurora account of the arrival of the Preſident of the Preſident of the United States, is in uniſon with the general tenor of the factions publications in that Paper, A GROSS MISREPRESENTATION.

The number of Horſe was truly reſpectable, and on no occaſion has there been a more numerous muſter, of ſeveral of the corps.

The Federal character of our city waſ perfectly vindicated from the aſperſions o the Aurora by the truly reſpectable and pat triotic reception of the Chief Magiſtrate o the Union yeſterday, any thing in that FOREIGN GAZETTE to the contrary notwithſtanding.

—

The following members of Congreſs are in town, Meſſrs. Harper, Machir, Macon, Sprigg and Dent of the Houſe of Repreſentatives—and

Mr. Reed and Mr. Lawrance of the Senate.

—

THOMAS TILLINGHURST, Esq. is elected Member of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States, in the room of E. R. POTTER, Esq. reſigned.

—

Letters from Baltimore by this days mail inform, that the ſhip Preſident from London, with a very valuable cargo, is taken off the capes by a French privateer. The people were landed from the ſhip on the coaſt by the privateer.

—

FRENCH MODE

OF *MAKING* LEGAL ADJUDICATIONS.

Extract of a letter from a Merchant in Baltimore.

"I have lately heard of the condemnation of one of our veſſels and cargoes, value, at leaſt 16,000 dollars—ſhe was bound to a *French port*, with every *neceſſary paper* that a veſſel could have; was taken into St. Jago in Cuba; the capt. ſent to Cape Francois for trial, where condemnation was paſſed, *for want of papers*, they having been *deſtroyed* by the prize maſter, or captain of the privateer."

—

A CHARITY SERMON

Will be preached To-morrow, 12th inſt. by the Rev. MR. CARR, for the ſupport of the free ſchool of St. Mary's.

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

New-York, Nov. 10.

ARRIVED	DAYS
Ship Hercules, ——, Gibraltar.	47
Schr. Thetis, Drake, Bermuda.	

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.

Fort M'Henry, Nov. 8.

Arrived brig Thetis, Thomas Sprigg, 28 days from Cape Francois—Came in the Capes with ſloop Fair American, Rogers, from the ſame port.

Ship Willink, Stewart, 75 days from Amſterdam.

The Canal Lottery,

Will re-commence drawing, on Monday the 20th inſt.

ROBERT BROOKE,
Check Clerk.

Nov. 11. dt20.

Teas of ſuperior quality.

80 cheſts fine Hyſon
25 cheſts young Hyſon
2 cheſts Imperial

For Sale, corner of Second and Pine ſtreets, by C. HAIGHT.

november 11. 3awtf

The Office of Secretary of State OF THE UNITED STATES,

IS removed to No. 13, South Fifth ſtreet, near Cheſnut ſtreet. 3t *nov.* 10.

All Perſons who are indebted to the eſtate of WILLIAM HEYSHAM, ſen. of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, will pleaſe to preſent them, properly atteſted, to the ſubſcribers.

William Heyſham,
Robert Heyſham.
Francis Bowes Sayre, } Executors.

november 6. 2aw4w

Juſt publiſhed,

And to be ſold at the Bookſtores of H. & P. Rice, No. 50, Market-ſtreet; J. Ormrod, No. 41, Cheſnut-ſtreet, and W. Young, corner of Cheſnut and Second-ſtreets,

An accurate Syſtem of Surveying;

IN WHICH IS CONTAINED,

1. Decimal fractions, in a plain, conciſe, and eaſy manner.
2. The extraction of the ſquare root.
3. Plain trigonometry, rectangular and oblique.
4. An exact method to caſt up the contents of lands.
5. Field ſurveying.

The whole being performed without the uſe of ſcale and compaſſes, on a table of logarithms. In which is given ſome account of the variation of the needle, and the cauſes of its attraction.

By SAMUEL MOORE.

Auguſt 1. 2aw

FOR SALE,

A Team of five excellent Horses,

with a Waggon and Gears. The Horses are all young, ſtrong, true to the draught, and capable of hauling as great a weight as moſt in the country. The Waggon and Gears are ſtrong, and in good order. Apply to ROBERT GREEN, Weſt Town, Cheſter county, or to

Thomas Fiſher,

No. 142, S. Second Street, Philadelphia.

11 mo. 2, eod3w.

In the Preſs,

And ſpeedily will be publiſhed by WILLIAM YOUNG, No. 52, Second, the corner of Cheſnut Street,

A VIEW

Of the Science of LIFE;

On the principles eſtabliſhed in the elements of Medicine. of the late celebrated

JOHN BROWN, M. D.

With an attempt to correct ſome important errors of that work, and caſes in illuſtration, chiefly ſelected from the records of their practice, at the General Hoſpital at Calcutta,

By WILLIAM YATES & CHAS. MACLEAN.

To which is ſubjoined, a Treatiſe on the action of Mercury upon living bodies, and its application for the cure of diſeaſes of indirect debility And a diſſertation on the ſources of Epidemic and Peſtilential diſeaſes; in which is attempted to prove by a numerous induction of facts, that they never ariſe from contagion, but are always produced by certain ſtates, or certain viciſſitudes of the atmoſphere, by CHARLES MACLEAN, of Calcutta.

Oct. 31. §12t

At the Federal Blaſt Furnace,

In Carver—for Slitting, Platting, and Rolling MILLS.

SEYMOUR's *Patent Rollers.*

THEIR ſuperiority conſiſts in being free from holes and honey-combed places, which are commonly found in rollers caſt in ſand, or clay moulds. Theſe patent rollers are caſt in iron moulds, previouſly heated, and will be found to be more denſe, ſolid and durable than any rollers heretofore uſed. Another important advantage they have over others, is, that the necks require no turning, but are immediately fit for uſe, and from their accuracy, run with leſs friction, and require leſs water to make them perform their work. They may be had by application to the Patentee in Plymouth, of Gen. Nathaniel Goodwin, or of Meſſrs. Thatcher and Hayward.

Boſton, Aug. 31. Sept. 19.——§6t.

This Day is Publiſhed,

BY Meſſ. Dobſon, Carey, Campbell, Rice, and the other Bookſellers,

Price One Dollar and twenty-five cents,

Elegantly printed on Wove paper, and Hot-preſſed,

By John Thompſon,

A COMPARATIVE VIEW OF

The Conſtitutions

Of the ſeveral States with each other, and with that of the United States: exhibiting in Tables, the prominent features of each Conſtitution, and claſſing together their moſt important proviſions, under the ſeveral heads of adminiſtration; with Notes and Obſervations.

By WILLIAM SMITH,

Of South-Carolina,

L. L. D. and member of the Congreſs of the United States.

Dedicated to the People of the United States.

N. B. A few Copies printed on an inferior paper, at 3-4ths of a dollar.

February 6 mwf

City Commiſſioners' Office,

June 22, 1797.

IN purſuance of an ordinance from the ſelect and common councils, paſſed the 22d day of May laſt, appointing the city commiſſioners, and preſcribing their duties, ſection 9th,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the city is divided into five diſtricts, each to be under the ſuperintendance of one of the city commiſſioners, whois to be individually reſponſible for the cleanlineſs of the ſame, and are as follow.

Diſtrict No. 1. From the ſouth ſide of Cedar-ſtreet, to the north ſide of Spruce-ſtreet, under the ſuperintendence of Nathan Boys.

2. From the north ſide of Spruce-ſtreet, to the north ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, under the ſuperintendence of Hugh Roberts.

3. From the north ſide of Walnut to the ſouth ſide of High-ſtreet, under the ſuperintendence of Joſeph Claypoole.

4. From the north ſide of High-ſtreet, to the north ſide of Mulberry ſtreet, under the ſuperintendence of William Moulder.

5. From the north ſide of Mulberry-ſtreet to the north ſide of Vine-ſtreet, under the ſuperintendence of Nicholas Hicks.

The cleaning of High-ſtreet to be in common.

☞ A ſtated meeting of the city commiſſioners is held at the Old Court Houſe, in High-ſtreet, every Tueſday evening at 5 o'clock.

July 14. eoim

Stands for Draymen, &c.

In purſuance of an Ordinance from the Select and Common Councils, bearing date the 22d day of April, 1797, providing for the appointment of City Commiſſioners, &c. Sect. the 15th.

THE following places are fixed upon by the ſaid City Commiſſioners for Stands for Draymen and their Horſes.

In Vine-ſtreet, eaſtward of Front-ſtreet, on both ſides.

Saſſafras, High, Cheſnut and Walnut-ſtreets, eaſtward of Front-ſtreet, on the north ſide only.

Mulberry-ſtreet, ſouth ſide from Front to Third-ſtreet.

Front-ſtreet, eaſt ſide from Vine-ſtreet to Elfrith's alley.

Front-ſtreet, from oppoſite to Black Horſe alley to Hamilton's ſtores, eaſt ſide.

Water-ſtreet, weſt ſide from the north end of Stomper's or Moore's ſtores to Pine-ſtreet.

Penn-ſtreet from Pine to Cedar-ſtreet, weſt ſide.

Drawbridge, north ſide, eaſt of Front-ſtreet.

Spruce, Pine and South ſtreets, eaſt of Front ſtreet, ſouth ſide.

Dock-ſtreet, between Walnut-ſtreet and the flag ſtone croſſings, eaſt ſide, oppoſite George Orkley's.

Second-ſtreet, between Saſſafras and Vine ſtreets, weſt ſide.

Fifth-ſtreet, eaſt ſide from Cheſnut to Mulberry ſtreets.

Saſſafras-ſtreet, from Third to Fourth-ſtreet, eaſt ſide.

No dray or horſe to ſtand within ten feet of any pump.

STANDS FOR HACKNEY COACHES.

Pine-ſtreet, north ſide from Fourth to Fifth ſtreets.

Fifth-ſtreet, between Cheſnut and Walnut ſtreets, weſt.

Branch-ſtreet, north ſide, between Third and Fourth ſtreets.

July 14. mw&ſim

LAW BOOKS,

Lateſt London and Dublin Editions.

H. & P. RICE, Bookſellers,

No. 16, South Second, and No. 50, Market ſtreet,

HAVE juſt received by the late arrivals from London and Dublin, their ſpring importation, conſiſting of a variety of the lateſt and moſt approved Law Books, which, added to thoſe already on hand, forms the moſt extenſive collection ever offered for ſale in this country. They therefore beg leave to notice, that from the nature of their connections in Dublin, they are enabled to ſell Iriſh editions (as they have hitherto done) at the very loweſt prices. The following are among the lateſt publications.

Veſey, jun'rs Reports in Chancery, 2 vols. Peake's Caſes at Niſi Prius; Ridgeway's Reports in the time of Lord Hardwicke; Floyer's Procters Practice in the Eccleſiaſtical Courts; Barton's Treatiſe on a Suit in Equity; Tidd's Practice of the Court of King's Bench in Perſonal Actions, 2 parts complete; Ward's Law of Nations; Cruiſe on Uſes; modern Reports, 12 vols. London edition.

H. and P. RICE expect to receive by the firſt arrival from New-York the 6th vol. complete of Durnford and Eaſt's Reports, the 2d part of Gilbert's Law of Evidence by Loſt, and a number of new publications.

June 26.

The Hiſtory of Pennſylvania,

BY ROBERT FROUD,

IS now in the preſs, and will be publiſhed, with all convenient expedition, by ZECHARIAH POULSON, jun. No. 80, Cheſnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, where ſubſcriptions will continue to be received, and at the Philadelphia Library, according to the printed propoſals, until the work is ready for the ſubſcribers.

July 18. 2awtf

THIS DAY WAS PUBLISHED,

And for ſale by *THOMAS DOBSON*, at the Stone Houſe, No. 41, ſouth Second ſtreet,

EVENINGS at HOME;

OR, THE JUVENILE BUDGET OPENED,

Conſiſting of a variety of Miſcellaneous Pieces for the inſtruction and amuſement of YOUNG PERSONS—Six Volumes handſomely printed and bound up in two volumes, price Two Dollars.

The variety and excellence of theſe pieces are ſuch, that the book needs only to be known to be univerſally eſteemed one of the moſt valuable publications that can be put into the hands of young perſons.

"Delightful taſk to rear the tender thought,
To teach the young idea how to ſhoot,
To pour the freſh inſtruction o'er the mind,
To breathe th' enlivening ſpirit, and to fix
The generous purpoſe in the glowing breaſt."

THOMSON.

Auguſt 24. mwf4w

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By *THOMAS DOBSON*, at the Stone Houſe, No. 41, ſouth Second ſtreet.

Letters and Converſations,

Between ſeveral *Young Ladies*, on improving and intereſting ſubjects.

Tranſlated from the Dutch of *Madame de Cambon* with alterations and improvements,

Printed on fine paper, and neatly bound,

Price one dollar.

AMIDST the tide of modern Romances, painting tales of extraordinary diſtreſs, or of deſperate or artful villainy, which "harrow up the ſoul," and which it would be for the honor of young ladies to be *ignorant* of, this little book comes forward to ſolicit notice, where, in a variety of incidents, not exceeding the bounds of *real life*, the *proper*, becauſe *elegant* and *natural dignity* and *importance* of the *Female character* is exhibited in an intereſting point of view, and preſents examples of real and attainable excellence.

The publiſher was ſo much pleaſed with the peruſal, that he was perſuaded he ſhould do a pleaſing ſervice to the community by ſending it into circulation. Auguſt 24—mw4w

Act laying Duties on Stamped Vellum Parchment and Paper.

A FEW copies of the above act may be had at the Office of the Gazette of the United States, No. 119, Cheſnut-ſtreet. July 19.

The Partnerſhip,

UNDER the firm of FREEMAN & Company, is diſſolved by mutual conſent. All perſons having any demands againſt the ſaid Houſe are deſired to render the ſame to T. B. Freeman; and thoſe indebted to the Houſe are deſired to make payment to him—By whom buſineſs will in future be carried on, at his Store, No. 39, South Front-ſtreet.

Auguſt 7 eod4w

Richard and James Potter

HAVE removed their Counting Houſe to No. 45, South Fifth-ſtreet.

Auguſt 2. w&ſ6t

Lancaſter, Harriſburgh Carliſle, Shippenſburg and Sunbury

STAGES.

THE public are requeſted to take notice, that the partnerſhip which has for ſome time ſubſiſted between Mathias Slough of Lancaſter, and William Geer, is now diſſolved: but, not as M. Slough inſinuates to the public without juſt cauſe; as will more fully appear by a letter on the ſubject from M. Slough to W. Geer, dated the 29th December laſt, a recital of which is not now deemed neceſſary. Any gentleman who wiſhes to be more circumſtantially informed of the merits of this buſineſs, by applying to W. Geer may have the peruſal of M. Slough's letter, and then can be at full liberty to determine whether or not W. Geer is not perfectly juſtifiable in attaching himſelf to any other perſon in the proſecution of the Stage conveyance from Philadelphia to Shippenſburg, or any other place.

Now from the liberal and generous ſupport the public were pleaſed to confer on the firſt effort in this buſineſs, William Geer, in conjunction with Meſſrs. Reily, Weed and Witmer, is determined to proſecute and carry it on, with every care, attention and diſpatch that a zeal to oblige the public can poſſibly exert.

The above company, who are amply provided with carriages, horſes, and every appurtenance to render the paſſage ſafe and commodious, inform thoſe who wiſh to patronize and encourage the undertaking, that they can take their ſeats at George Weed's, the ſign of the White Horſe, Market Street, Philadelphia, on every Monday and Friday, to proceed to Lancaſter, Harriſburg, Carliſle and Shippenſburg. The fare as hitherto eſtabliſhed.

For the further accommodation of the public, a Stage will ſtart every Wedneſday from the houſe of Samuel Elder, in Harriſburg, arrive at Sunbury in Northumberland county, every Thurſday, and return from thence and arrive at Harriſburg every Saturday, ſo that paſſengers deſtined for Lancaſter or Philadelphia, may proceed on Mondays.

WILLIAM GEER.

Lancaſter, Jan. 27, 1797.

N. B. This Line of Stages ſtarts from the houſe of William Ferree, in Lancaſter, on every Tueſday and Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, proceeding to the weſtward; and from the houſe of Mr. Samuel Elder in Harriſburg every Wedneſday morning, on the ſame evening arrives at Patrick Cochran's in Shippenſburg, and returns from thence on every Thurſday: performing the ſame routine daily as in its tour from Philadelphia. mwf

THOMAS HERMAN LEUFFER,

North Fifth ſtreet, corner of North alley, No. 34,

HAS FOR SALE,

EXCELLENT red Bourdeaux Wine in caſes and boxes, ſix years old
White Graves Wine in caſks
Ticklenburgs
Ruſſia Sail Cloths
Ravens Duck
Bag Linen
Heſſians
Diaper and Table Cloth
Empty bags
Common German Cloth
An aſſortment of black coloured Ribbons
Fine German Laces
About twelve tons Ruſſia clean Hemp
Clover Seed
Italian Soap, in ſmall boxes, for family uſe
Window Glaſs

Aug 29—2aw

Excellent Bourdeaux Brandy

Ditto ditto Claret in caſes

Juſt received, and for Sale by

Rundle & Leech.

Aug. 21. 2awtf

Will be Landed,

From on board the ſhip Active, Capt. BLAIR, from Hamburgh,

20 bales white Ruſſia clean Hemp
2 caſks Clover Seed

For Sale by

Thomas Herman Leuffer,

North Fifth ſtreet, No. 34.

June 26. §

TO BE SOLD,

And immediate poſſeſſion given,

A Convenient well finiſhed Brick Tenement, with a cook houſe and other out houſes, ſituated in a pleaſant part of the borough of Wilmington, in the State of Delaware—The lot of ground has forty feet front on Weſt-ſtreet, and extends through the ſquare to Paſture-ſtreet, on which is erected a ſtable and carriage houſe.

ALLEN M'LANE.

Wilmington, Aug. 30.

Imported in the ſhip Pigou,

And for ſale by John Morton, No. 116, South Front-ſtreet,

Hyſon
Hyſon Skin
Young Hyſon
Imperial
} TEAS.

April 20. eotf

For ſale or to be let on ground-rent,

A valuable Lot of Ground;

SITUATE on the north-eaſt corner of Walnut and Fifth ſtreets, fronting the State-Houſe ſquare. This lot is fifty-one feet front on Walnut ſtreet, and one hundred and thirteen feet and an half on Fifth ſtreet; there are at preſent two ſmall two ſtory brick houſes, and a number of ſmall tenements thereon.

Alſo, for Sale,

Two three ſtory Brick Houſes

With convenient ſtores, wharf, &c. ſituate on Water-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras ſtreets, containing in front on Water ſtreet fifty-four feet, and continuing that breadth eaſtward ninety-five feet, then widening to the ſouth thirteen feet ſix inches. Theſe houſes have the convenience of a public alley adjoining on the north ſide, and are a very deſirable ſituation for a merchant, flour factor, or others who may have occaſion for ſtorage of goods. This property will be ſold on very reaſonable terms for caſh. For further information apply to the printer.

July 31. m&wtf

TO BE SOLD,

And poſſeſſion given immediately,

A LARGE two ſtory brick Houſe, handſomely ſituated in Princeton. There are four rooms and a large entry on each floor, and five rooms in the garret, a range of back buildings 51 feet in length, and a piazza of 57 feet. There is a pump in the yard, an excellent kitchen garden, at the farther end of which are a carriage houſe and two ſtables, one of which is new, 44 feet long, with ſtalls in the two ſtables for 27 horſes. The healthineſs and pleaſantneſs of its ſituation, and the number of genteel and agreeable families in and near the town, render it a deſirable retreat for a gentleman from the city. The commodiouſneſs of the houſe, its central poſition, and the largeneſs of the ſtables, make it every way ſuitable for a tavern, for which it has always been conſiderd as a capital ſtand. Inquire on the premiſes, of

ISAAC SNOWDEN.

Princeton, Aug. 25. 29—drw2awtf

City of Waſhington.

SCHEME

Of the Lottery, No. II,

For the Improvement of the Federal City.

A magnificent dwelling-houſe & caſh	30,000	50,000 dollars,
1 ditto	15,000 & caſh 25,000	40,000
1 ditto	15,000 & caſh 15,000	30,000
1 ditto	10,000 & caſh 10,000	20,000
1 ditto	5,000 & caſh 5,000	10,000
1 ditto	5,000 & caſh 5,000	10,000
1 caſh prize of		10,000
2 do.	5,000 each, are	10,000
10 do.	1,000	10,000
20 do.	500	10,000
30 do.	100	10,000
200 do.	50	10,000
400 do.	25	10,000
1,000 do.	20	20,000
15,000 do.	10	150,000

16,739 Prizes.
33,261 Blanks.

50,000 Tickets, at Eight Dollars, 400,000

N. B. To favour thoſe who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, ſecuring payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not leſs than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant ſpecimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Waſhington—Two beautiful deſigns are already ſelected for the entire fronts on two of the public ſquares; from theſe drawings it is propoſed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as ſoon as poſſible after this lottery is ſold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner deſcribed in the ſcheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the neceſſary expenſes of printing, &c. and the ſurplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National Univerſity, to be erected within the city of Waſhington.

The real ſecurities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the Preſident and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

☞ Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James Weſt & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boſton; of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry.

mwf

This Day Publiſhed,

And to be ſold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Cheſnut ſtreets,

Price 3-8ths of a Dollar,

Obſervations on certain Documents

Contained in No. V and VI of

"The Hiſtory of the United States for the year 1796,"

In which the CHARGE OF SPECULATION againſt

ALEXANDER HAMILTON,

Late SECRETARY of the TREASURY, is FULLY REFUTED.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

This publication preſents a conciſe ſtatement of the baſe means practiſed by the Jacobins of the United States to aſperſe the characters of thoſe perſons who are conſidered as hoſtile to their diſorganizing ſchemes. It alſo contains the correſpondence between Mr. Hamilton and Meſſrs. Monroe, Muhlenburgh and Venable, on the ſubject of the documents aforeſaid, and a ſeries of letters from James Reynolds and his wife to Mr. Hamilton, proving beyond the poſſibility of a doubt, that the connection between him and Reynolds, was the reſult of a daring conſpiracy on the part of the latter and his aſſociates to extort money.

☞ A diſcount of one third from the retail price will be made in favor of wholeſale purchaſers, for CASH. Orders to be addreſſed to Mr YOUNG.

Auguſt 25.

No. 188.

Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, to wit:

(L. S.) BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the twenty ſixth day of July, in the twenty ſecond year of the independence of the United States of America, JOHN FENNO, of the ſaid diſtrict, hath depoſited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit:—

"Obſervations on certain documents contained "in No. V. and VI. of "The Hiſtory of the United "States for the year 1796," in which the charge "of ſpeculation, againſt Alexander Hamilton, late "Secretary of the Treaſury, is fully refuted—"Written by himſelf."

In conformity to the act of the Congreſs of the United States, entituled, "An act for the encouragement of learning, by ſecuring the copies of maps, charts and books to the authors and proprietors of ſuch copies, during the times therein mentioned."

SAMUEL CALDWELL,

Clerk of the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania.

July 27. w4w

An elegant Houſe in Arch Street.

TO be let and entered on immediately a large and elegant houſe at the Corner of Arch and Ninth Street. There are two drawing rooms and one dining room—the largeſt is 31 feet by 26—and two are ſo connected by folding doors as to make but one. Alſo, five bed rooms, beſides 5 in the garret, well finiſhed for ſervants. There are ſtables and a coach houſe, with every convenience for a family. Enquire at No. 29, in North Seventh ſtreet, or at No. 218, Arch Street.

Aug. 15. 2aw3w.

William Blackburn,

LOTTERY AND BROKER'S OFFICE

No. 64 ſouth Second-ſtreet.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. II, which commenced drawing the 29th May, FOR SALE. The price of tickets will riſe in proportion as the drawing advances, particularly on account of the five firſt drawn tickets, prizes of four thouſand dollars each, on the laſt day of drawing.

Check Books kept for examination and regiſtering, in the Canal, No. 2, City of Waſhington, No. 2, and Paterſon Lotteries.

Alſo, tickets for ſale in the Schuylkill bridge and Perkiomen Bridge lotteries, which will begin drawing in the courſe of the ſummer.

The buſineſs of a Broker in all kinds of Stock, Bills, Notes, Lands, &c. &c. tranſacted with the utmoſt attention.

June 2 tu&f

Erſkine's View of the War.

JUST PUBLISHED,

By ROBERT CAMPBELL & Co.

No. 40 South Second ſtreet,

[Price 31 Cents]

A View of the Cauſes and Conſequences of the preſent War with France.

By the Honorable THOMAS ERSKINE.

May 15 §

STATE TRIALS.

Sold by W. YOUNG, Bookſeller, No. 52, South Second-ſtreet,

The Pennſylvania State Trials,

CONtaining the impeachment, trial, and acquittal of Francis Hopkinſon, Judge of the Court of Admiralty, and John Nicholſon, Comptroller General—in one large 8 vo. vol. Price, in boards, 3 dollars.

W. YOUNG has for ſale, a general aſſortment of Books. Alſo, Stationary, retail and by the package, well aſſorted, and entitled to the drawback if exported. July 7—

For Sale,

That well known place, called VANDERIFT'S FERRY,

ON Neſhaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, on the New York poſt road, containing 74 acres and 94 perches. Upon the premiſes are a large two ſtory ſtone houſe occupied as a tvern, and a good one ſtory ſtone kitchen, a large frame ſtable with a good threſhing floor, and ſome out buildings—alſo a well of good water, and an excellent ice Houſe. On this place is a moſt elegant ſituation for a gentleman's ſeat, commanding a view of the Neſhaminy to its junction with the Delaware, and thence acroſs to the Jerſey ſhore. It has the privilege of one half the toll received from the bridge.

For terms apply to the Subſcriber,

MORDECAI LEWIS.

May 24. 3tawtf.

COLUMBIA HOUSE

Boarding School for young Ladies.

MRS. GROOMBRIDGE with much pleaſure and reſpect, returns her ſincere acknowledgement for the liberal encouragement ſhe has received during four years reſidence in Philadelphia; and aſſures her friends and the public, ſo far from intending to decline her ſchool, ſhe has made a ſuperior arrangement for the more convenient accommodation of her ſcholars.—Every branch of uſeful and polite education is particularly attended to by Mrs. Groombridge and maſters excelling in their reſpective profeſſions.

Corner of Spruce and Eleventh Streets.

June 5th, 1797. §1mſ

The ſituation is perfectly healthy; and made more agreeable by an extenſive garden and lot of ground adjoining the houſe.

Juſt Publiſhed,

And to be had of Meſſrs. Dobſon, Campbell, Rice, Cary, and the other pricipal Bookſellers in the city, price one dollar, twenty-five cents, in boards,

New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and Nations of America.

By BENJAMIN SMITH BARTON, M. D.

June 29. 6t

School Books and Stationary.

W. YOUNG,

No. 52, Second-ſtreet, corner of Cheſnut-ſtreet,

HAS now ready for ſale, a very large aſſortment of *Engliſh, French, Latin and Greek* SCHOOL BOOKS. *Alſo*, ſuch elementary books on Science, as are generally read in the academies and colleges throughout the United States.

LATELY PUBLISHED,

Sheridan's Dictionary, the ſixth edition, in one large vol. 8 vo price 3 dols.

Ditto, large 12 mo price 1 dol. 75 cts.

Ditto, common, price 1 dol. 50 cts.

All ſorts of drawing, packing, printing, and writing Paper; Bookbinder's Boards, Paſteboards, ſheathing and blotting Papers; printed Blanks, blank Books, Wax, Wafers, and other articles, of the beſt quality, uſed in the counting houſe, or public office.

☞ Catalogues of a miſcellaneous collection of BOOKS, with the price of each affixed, to be had by inquiring as above. Oct. 24.—3aw6w

Juſt Publiſhed, and now Selling,

By BENJAMIN DAVIES,

At his BOOK-STORE, No 68, High-Street,

The AMERICAN REPOSITORY

AND

ANNUAL REGISTER for the UNITED STATES

FOR THE YEAR 1798:

Containing complete and correct liſts of the Executive, Legiſlative and Judiciary

DEPARTMENTS OF GOVERNMENT,

And a variety of uſeful tables, neceſſary to be known in every State of the Union.

Embelliſhed with two handſome Engravings,

One of which is depictive of a melancholy ſcene that occurred during the American war.

Oct. 18.

The Philadelphia, Atſion, and Tuckerton

MAIL STAGE.

THE *proprietors beg leave to inform the public, that they have eſtabliſhed a Stage between Philadelphia, Atſion, Batſto, Hampton, Speedwell, and Martha Furnace, Wading River ſlitting mill, and the town of Tuckerton, in New-Jerſey, to go once a week, and are provided with good horſes, a comfortable carriage, and a careful driver, for the conveyance of the mail, paſſengers, and goods. The Stage will ſtart every Thurſday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. from Mr. Daniel Cooper's Ferry, and lodge that night at Joel Bodine's, at Longacoming; and on on Friday, at 6 o'clock, P. M. arrive at Caleb Evans's, inkeeper, in Tuckerton, diſtant from the city 54 miles, (from the Atlantic 6, and from the Eaſt Grouſing Plains 7 miles) where are good accommodations for travellers, and where are commodious and ſafe paſſage boats provided to convey paſſengers to Capt. William Warrington's houſe, on Tucker's Iſland, adjoinining the Atlantic, where are good accommodations, and a convenient place to bathe; the ſportſman who wiſhes to regale himſelf with fowling and fiſhing, may at this place be highly gratified, there being at almoſt every ſeaſon of the year fowl and fiſh in abundance.—The Stage on its return, ſtarts from the aforeſaid C. Evans's in Tuckerton, every Tueſday, at 6 o'clock, A. M. breakfaſts at John Bodine's, at Wading River Bridge, lodge that night at Longacoming, and at 1 o'clock, P. M. on Wedneſday, arrive at the aforeſaid Cooper's Ferry. It is preſumed that no route of an equal diſtance will be leſs expenſive, or furniſh the traveller with a greater variety of amuſement, as he will not only have a pleaſant ſail to the atlantic from Tuckerton, but have the curioſity of ſeeing on the road thither a number of capital furnaces and forges, and one ſlitting mill, in complete order, and at work; gentlemen, too, who are owners, or factors, of any of the aforeſaid iron works, are ſolicited to encourage and ſupport this ſtage (by which they can be ſo well accommodated) the continuance of which will much depend on their aid. The rates of paſſengers and baggage are as follows: For a paſſenger from the aforeſaid Daniel Cooper's Ferry to Tuckerton, including 14 lb. of baggage, Two Dollars; for way paſſengers per mile, Four Cents—150 lb. of baggage equal to a paſſenger. Poſtage of letters, newſpapers, &c. will be agreeably to law.*

N. B. The mail croſſes from the Old Ferry.

THOMAS WARDLE & Co.

Tuckerton, Sept. 28. Oct. 5.—2awtf

The Norfolk Mail STAGE.

THIS Stage ſtarts from the GEORGE Tavern, at the corner of Second and Arch Streets, in Philadelphia, every *Tueſday, Thurſday*, and *Saturday*, at 3 o'clock, in the morning; arrives at Dover the firſt day, at Snowhill the ſecond day, at Northampton Court Houſe the third day, and on the morning of the fourth day the paſſengers find a ſafe and comfortable packet to convey them to Norfolk.

A packet leaves Norfolk for Northampton ferry, every Tueſday, Thurſday and Saturday, and the Stage ſtarts from this ferry for Philadelphia, every Monday, Wedneſday and Friday; puts up at Snow Hill the firſt night, at Dover the 2d night, and arrives in Philadelphia in the evening of the third day.

The diſtance on this route, between Philadelphia and Norfolk, is 80 miles leſs than on any ſtage route between thoſe places.

Too much cannot be ſaid in favor of the road, which is moſt excellent indeed. The proprietors willingly engage to return the whole fare to any paſſenger, who, after having performed this route, will ſay that he ever travelled in a ſtage for the ſame diſtance, ſo good a road in AMERICA.

Auguſt 11. dim. eotf.

WINDOW GLASS,

Of Superior Quality, and cheaper than any other in the City—

OF VARIOUS SIZES,

From 8 by 6 to 19 by 14;

By the ſingle Box or Quantity, may be had at the ſtore of the Subſcribers, corner of Arch and Front-ſtreet.

James C. & Samuel W. Fiſher.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1797. §1wmwſſf

Lately Publiſhed,

In one vol. 8 vo. (price one dollar in boards) ſold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Cheſnut ſtreets,

A Collection of Papers on the ſubject of Billious Fevers, prevalent in the United States for a few years paſt.

Compiled by NOAH WEBSTER, jun.

Containing letters from Doctors Seaman, Smith, Buel, Taylor, Ramſay, Monſon, Reynolds, Mitchell, on contagion, &c. &c.

Sept. 15.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

ASSIGNEES OF JAMES GREENLEAF,

HEREBY give notice, that they have diſpoſed of the property aſſigned to them for the ſecuring the payment of the notes, acceptances, and endorſements given by Edward Fox, for the uſe of the ſaid James Greenleaf; and the holders of ſuch notes, acceptances, and endorſements, are hereby notifyed that the ſubſcribers will ſettle with them for the amount of their reſpective claims, both PRINCIPAL and INTEREST, at any time before the 20th day of October next; after which day, the holders not applying, will be excluded, agreeably to the terms of aſſignment.

Applications to be made at ſouth-eaſt corner of Dock and Second ſtreets (the Dock-ſtreet ſide), between the hours of eleven and one o'clock every day, Sundays excepted.

Henry Pratt,
Tho. W. Francis,
John Miller, Jun.
John Aſhley,
Jacob Baker.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 18, 1797. d